Trends in Blade Repowering and Decommissioning

Mass determination and model prediction of retired blades from wind turbine repowering or dismantling using a GIS database

The Re-Wind Network

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Presentation Overview

- 1. The Re-Wind Network
- 2. Motivation
- 3. Identifying New, Dismantled, Repowered, & Not Repowered Turbines
- 4. Mass Estimation of Blades
- 5. Turbine & Blade Models due for Update
- 6. Broader Implications



Re-Wind

Driving Innovation in Wind Farm Decommissioning

- University College Cork, Queens University Belfast and Georgia Institute of Technology
- Blades can be reutilized into alternative structures upon end of life, such as girders for pedestrian bridges or poles for electric power transmissions lines







Draperstown, Ireland

Other Repurposing Concepts



Blade Farm

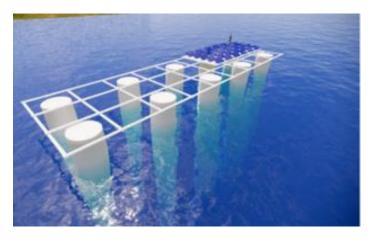


Blade Jetty





Blade Barrier



Blade Platform



Motivation

- We need EoL Blades!
- What kind of blades are they?
 - Age?
 - Model?
 - Length?
 - Weight?
 - Where are they currently located?



Blade End-of-Life (EoL)

- When do we consider a blade to be at the Eol stage? Widely contended
 - Generally, after 15-25 years of operational life
 - "the *time* at which blades are no longer performing their original function on their original turbine."
 - Does NOT equate to turbine end of life Repowering





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CANADA

Tools & Methods

- Data used in this research was obtained from the U.S. Wind
 Turbine Database
 - U.S. Department of Energy (DoE), U.S. Geological Survey (USGS), and American Clean Power Association (ACP) jointly funded
 - March 2014 and July 2022 repositories used
- Data points collected by survey and confirmed via satellite imagery
- Main limitation was lack of thorough information for each turbine location

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• Rated capacity, rotor diameter, year online, manufacturer, or model

Sargasso Sea

Tools & Methods

Missing Information

- 87% of 2014 turbines had capacity information listed
- 85% of 2014 turbines had rotor diameter listed

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1	model		Type_tower	💌 decommiss 💌	MW_turbine 💌	total_cpcy 💌	total_ht 💌	tower_h 💌	blade_l 💌	rotor_dia 💌	rotor_s_a 💌	lat_DD 💌
28782	NM48_	750	monopole	no	0.75	11.25	84	60	24	48	1809.56	44.404292
28788	NM48_	750	monopole	no	0.75	11.25	84	60	24	48	1809.56	44.399592
28843	NM48_	750	monopole	no	0.75	1.5	79	55	24	48	1809.56	46.895092
28866	NM48_	750	monopole	no	0.75	1.5	79	55	24	48	1809.56	46.895192
37728	NM48_	750	monopole	no	0.75	0.75	79	55	24	48	1809.56	43.002693
42860	NM48_	750	monopole	no	0.75	80.25	74	50	24	48	1809.56	31.053895
42861	NM48_	750	monopole	no	0.75	80.25	74	50	24	48	1809.56	31.054795
42862	NM48_	750	monopole	no	0.75	80.25	74	50	24	48	1809.56	31.056395
42863	NM48_	750	monopole	no	0.75	80.25	74	50	24	48	1809.56	31.057195
42864	NM48_	750	monopole	no	0.75	80.25	74	50	24	48	1809.56	31.058195
42865	NM48_	750	monopole	no	0.75	80.25	74	50	24	48	1809.56	31.059395
42866	NM48_	750	monopole	no	0.75	80.25	74	50	24	48	1809.56	31.066095
42867	NM48_	750	monopole	no	0.75	80.25	74	50	24	48	1809.56	31.065095
42868	NM48_	750	monopole	no	0.75	80.25	74	50	24	48	1809.56	31.066395
42869	NM48_	750	monopole	no	0.75	80.25	74	50	24	48	1809.56	31.069295
42870	NM48_	750	monopole	no	0.75	80.25	74	50	24	48	1809.56	31.070395
42871	NM48_	750	monopole	no	0.75	80.25	74	50	24	48	1809.56	31.071395
42872	NM48_	750	monopole	no	0.75	80.25	74	50	24	48	1809.56	31.071195
42873	NM48_	750	monopole	no	0.75	80.25	74	50	24	48	1809.56	31.072695
42874	NM48_	750	monopole	no	0.75	80.25	74	50	24	48	1809.56	31.073995
42875	NM48_	750	monopole	no	0.75	80.25	74	50	24	48	1809.56	31.074395
42876	NM48_	750	monopole	no	0.75	80.25	74	50	24	48	1809.56	31.075195
42877	NM48_	750	monopole	no	0.75	80.25	74	50	24	48	1809.56	31.075995
42878	NM48_	750	monopole	no	0.75	80.25	74	50	24	48	1809.56	31.076795
42879	NM48_	750	monopole	no	0.75	80.25	74	50	24	48	1809.56	31.076795



Sum of Reported Mass Actual Percent Reported 100% Reported

Total Mass



Identifying New, Dismantled, Repowered, and Not Repowered Turbines

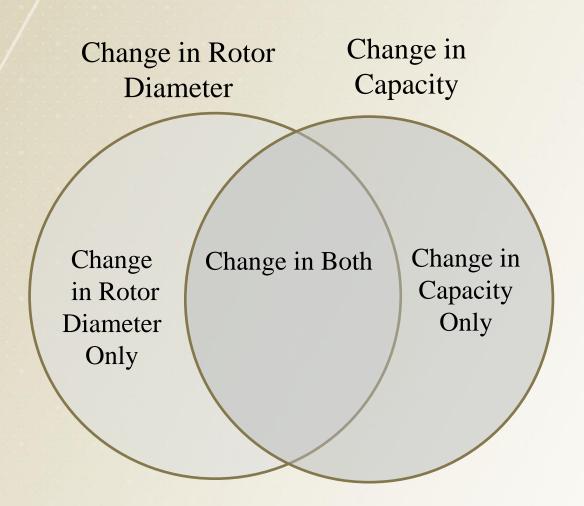
2014 USWT Database 2022 USWT Database

How can we identify the pool of turbines we think are most in need of or most likely due for repowering in the near future? What Constitutes repowering?

Dismantled Turbines – Geospatial analysis indicates the wind turbines which were present in this location in 2014 are no longer present in 2022. **Turbine Updated**– Updates made to the rated capacity or blade length between 2014 and 2022

No Blade or Turbine Change – The same data for 2022 turbines match what was reported in 2014 New Blades – Turbines and blades newly installed since 2014



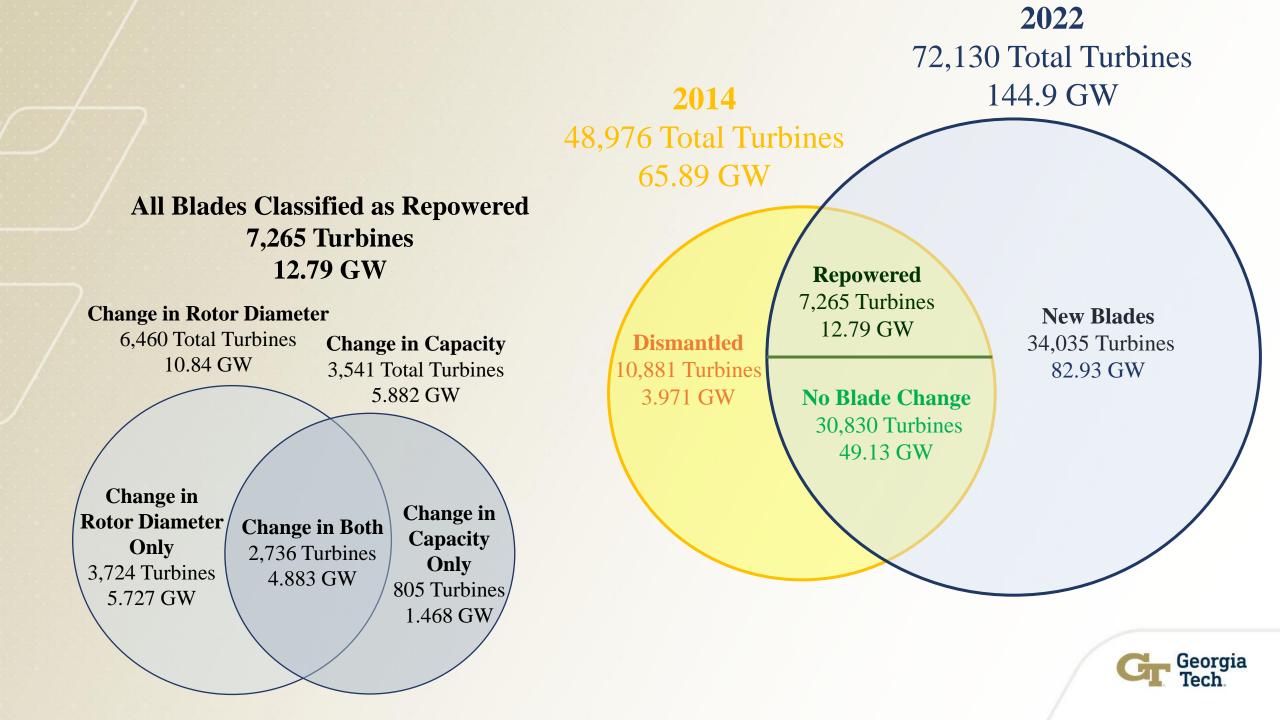


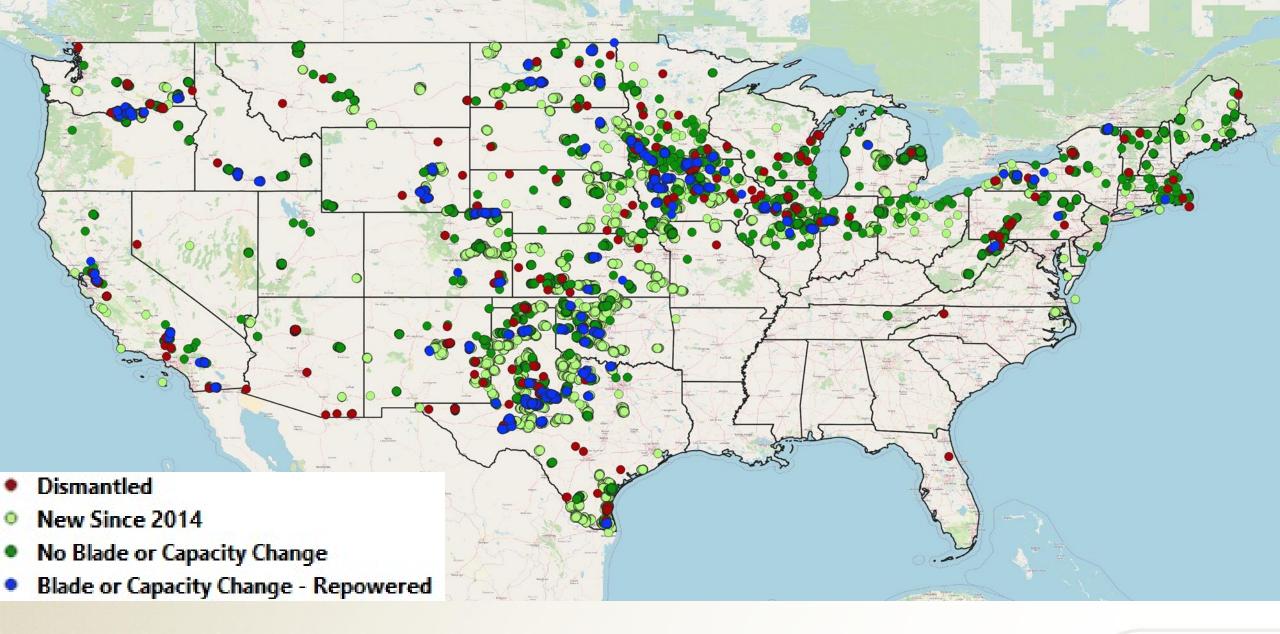
What constitutes repowering? - Increase in blade length of more than 2 meters

OR

Increase in turbine
 rated power capacity of
 more than 20 kW









	Town of Cohocton	st sube grunty	Town of Prattsburgh		2014	4 data	
		0	the state	unique_id	34805.000000	unique_id	34804.000000
-	NY 21	O mature	and a	site_name	Dutch Hill	site_name	Cohocton Wind
18 ST	Alter Martinet Server			total_turb	15.000000	total_turb	35.000000
	NV 371	o • o	\sim	on_year	2009	on_year	2009
- marine	CR39A	•	1	year_range	no	year_range	no
	12	•		on_year_s	2009.000000	on_year_s	2009.000000
[CR36]		•		manufac	Clipper	manufac	Clipper
•				model	C96	model	C96
•				type_tower	monopole	type_tower	monopole
			CEO	decommiss	no	decommiss	no
1		CR35	0	MW_turbine	2.500000	MW_turbine	2.500000
1 1 1 1 2 2				total_cpcy	37.500000	total_cpcy	87.500000
			A	total_ht	126.700000	total_ht	126.700000
		o o	641 m	tower_h	80.00000	tower_h	80.00000
	🖱			blade_l	46.700000	blade_l	46.700000
				rotor_dia	96.00000	rotor_dia	96.00000
- •	N N		20	rotor_s_a	7238.220000	rotor_s_a	7238.220000
Contraction of the second seco			3	lat_DD	42.516092	lat_DD	42.505992
	All In the		12	long_DD	-77.498197	long_DD	-77.447197
All March 2014 Tu	Irbines		115-	state	NY	state	NY
No Blade or Capa	city Change		15th 1	county	Steuben	county	Steuben

Ontario County Town of Naples

No Change 2022

C. A

Blade or Capacity Change - Repowered

faa_ors	36-020463	faa_o
faa_asn	2019-WTE-7669-OE	faa_a
usgs_pr_id	34805	usgs
eia_id	56633	eia_i
t_state	NY	t_sta
t_county	Steuben County	t_co
t_fips	36101	t_fip
p_name	Dutch Hill/Cohocton	p_na
p_year	2009	p_ye
p_tnum	50	p_tn
p_cap	125	p_ca
t_manu	Clipper	t_ma
t_model	C96	t_mo
t_cap	2500	t_cap
t_hh	80	t_hh
t_rd	96	t_rd

Repowered 2022

faa_ors	36-020431	
faa_asn	2019-WTE-7651-OE	
usgs_pr_id	34804	
eia_id	56634	
t_state	NY	
t_county	Steuben County	
t_fips	36101	
p_name	Dutch Hill/Cohocton	
p_year	2009	
p_tnum	27	
p_cap	67.5	
t_manu	GE Wind	
t_model	GE2.5-116	
t_cap	2500	
t_hh	80	
t_rd	116	



Mass Estimation of Blades

- Estimates based on rated capacity of turbines blades are installed on
 - Low estimate 10 tonnes per MW
 - High estimate 15 tonnes per MW
- Estimates based on length of blade

Albers H, Greiner S, Seifert H, and Kuehne U, 2009, "Recycling of wind turbine rotor blades. Fact or fiction?, *DEWI-Magazin*, vol. **34**

Jensen J P and Skelton K, 2018, Wind turbine blade recycling: Experiences, challenges and possibilities in a circular economy, *Renew. and Sust. Energy Rev., Elsevier*, **97**, pp. 165-176, https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2018.08.041



Mass Estimation of Blades – Capacity vs. Blade Length

	No.			Blade Lengths
Group	Turbines	10 Tonnes/ MW	15 Tonnes/ MW	Estimate in Tonnes
2022 Turbines	72,130	1,449,000	2,173,500	2,132,800
2014 Turbines	48,976	658,900	988,350	883,480
New	34,035	829,300	1,243,950	1,344,100
Dismantled	10,881	39,710	59,565	49,844
Not Repowered- No Change	30,830	491,300	736,950	605,830
Repowered - Change in Blades OR				
Capacity	7,265	127,900	191,850	192,960



Equation Source	Equation (where y is material weight in Kg)
WindPACT Baseline – Baseline blade mass curve	$y = 0.1452x^{2.9158}$
LM Wind Glassfiber – Advanced blade mass curve	$y = 0.4948x^{2.53}$
Emma Delaney PhD Thesis Blade Weight Equation	$y = 0.0036x^2 + 0.0258x$
Franco Arias PhD Thesis Blade Weight Equation (weight of composite material only, ~85% of total blade weight)	$y = 0.002x^2 + 0.0733x - 0.6588$
	Georgi Tech

Mass Estimation of Blades – Length Equations

	WindPACT		Delaney	
	Equation,	LM Equation,	Equation,	Arias Equation,
	Weight in	Weight in	Weight in	Weight in
Group	Tonnes	Tonnes	Tonnes	Tonnes
2022 Turbines	2,994,000	2,190,000	2,132,800	1,705,100
2014 Turbines	956,680	765,100	883,480	713,890
New	2,091,700	1,475,100	1,344,100	1,050,700
Dismantled	35,944	31,786	49,844	34,602
Not Repowered - No Change	678,130	541,590	605,830	504,571
Repowered - Change in Blades				
or Capacity	187,000	245,530	192,960	157,160



Mass Estimation of Blades – Change in Weight

Change With Blade Length Estimate

	Weight in Tonnes	Weight in	% Change in
	in 2014	Tonnes in 2022	Weight
Repowered – Change in Blades OR Capacity	154,050	192,960	25.26

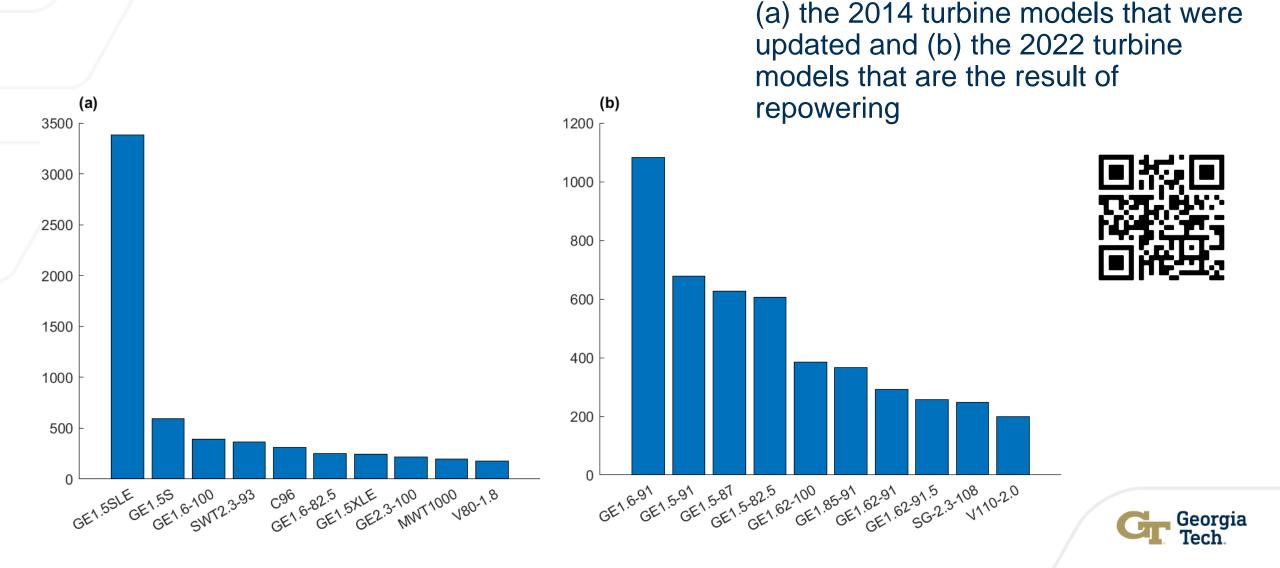
*Estimated with Delaney Blade Weight Equation

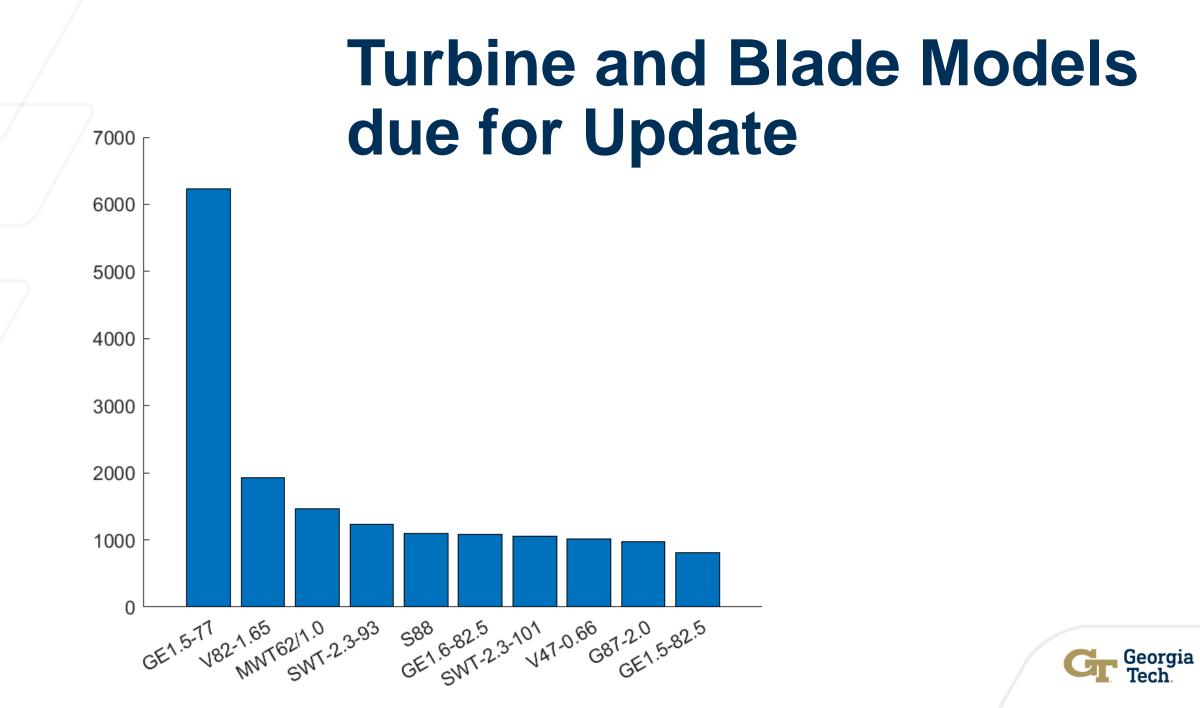
Change With Turbine Capacity Estimate

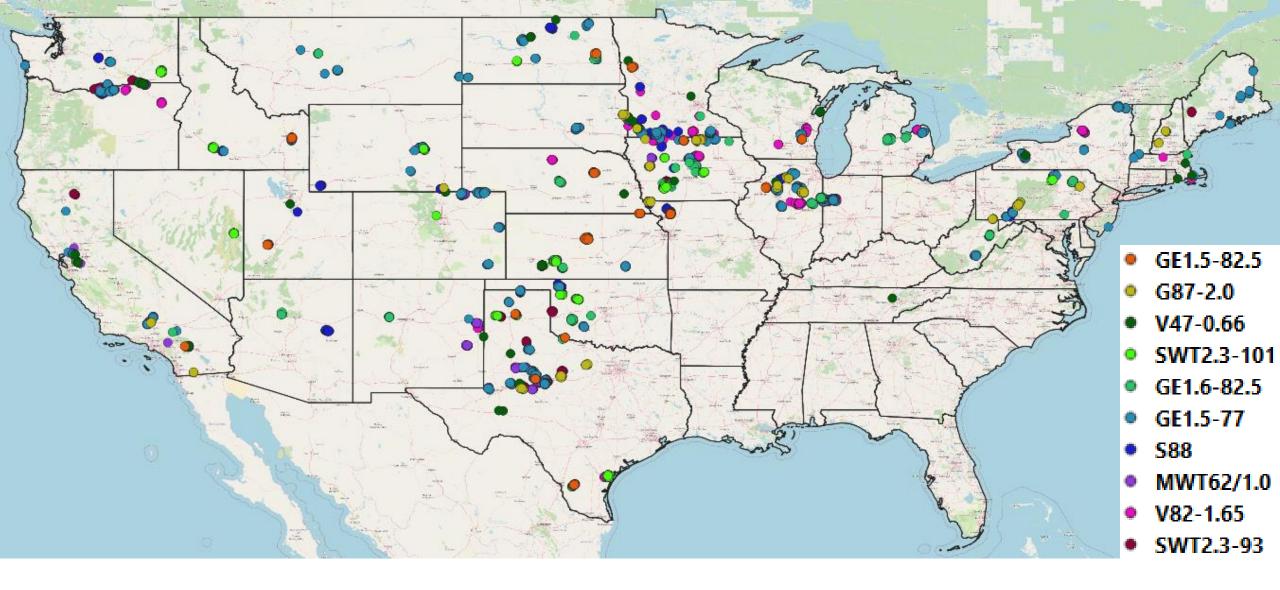
	10 Tonnes/ MW in 2014	15 Tonnes/ MW in 2014	10 Tonnes/ MW in 2022	15 Tonnes/ MW in 2022	%Change in Weight
Repowered – Change in					
Blades OR Capacity	123,300	184,950	127,900	191,850	3.731



Turbine and Blade Models due for Update







Turbine and Blade Models due for Update Georgia

Discussion & Implications

- Making predictions on the type and total mass of blades coming out of service helps stakeholders plan for uses and processing procedures
 - 163,010 to 244,515 tonnes of blade waste currently in landfills or sent to EoL processing
 - In the next decade or so an additional 491,300 to 736,950 tonnes of blade material can be expected to enter waste streams
- Capacity-based estimates are no longer sufficient to determine weight of blade material
- GE1.5 MW turbines associated with the GE37 blade model, which represent 9.23% of current online blades and roughly 99,350-149,025 tonnes of material, are most widely identified for future repowering projects

